



MONACO GLOBE SPECIALISATION UMBRELLA FUND UNDER MONACO LAW SUB-FUND MONACO GF BONDS US DOLLAR

Adjustment of the complete prospectus in accordance with the regulations of the Loi 1.339 as of September 7th, 2007 and of the Ordonnance Souveraine 1.285 of September 10th, 2007, approved as of January 6th, 2009 by the Commission de Contrôle des Activités Financières

The complete prospectus is available to clients at any CMB branch

Type of fund:
international bonds

Reference currency:
US Dollar

Recommended investment horizon:
minimum 2 to 3 years

Allotment of results:
capitalized

Frequency of net asset value calculation:
daily

Pricing method:
closing prices

Conditions of subscription/redemption:
with CMB, valued at the day's close as calculated on the following day for orders placed until 11.00 am

Inception date:
June 1st, 2005

Fund manager:
C^{ie} Monégasque de Gestion SAM
13 bd Princesse Charlotte
Principality of Monaco

Depository bank:
C^{ie} Monégasque de Banque SAM
23 avenue de la Costa
Principality of Monaco

Publication of the Net Asset Value:
in the "Journal Officiel de Monaco" and posted in the head office of CMB and its branches.
The Net Asset Value of our funds is published and updated on a regular basis on our web page www.cmb.mc

Description

The fund invests at least 60% in bonds considered as "grandfathered bonds", in reference to the regulation in the directive 2003/48/CE of the European Union, as of June 3rd 2003, which exempts bonds and other securities of that category from revenue tax payments, foreseen in this directive. The fund manager may also invest part of the portfolio in convertible bonds, in money market instruments or in other funds or keep a part in liquidity depending on market conditions. Investments are focused on the US Dollar.

Investment objective

The fund is suitable for clients looking to build an exposure to international bonds denominated in US-Dollar. It is a financial instrument in which the client may invest part of his assets, with a recommended investment horizon of at least 2 to 3 years. The objective is to generate capital gains in the medium run. In the case where an investment for a shorter time horizon is considered, the client should be informed about the levels of volatility and risk inherent to bond markets in the short run.

Management style

The fund is managed actively.

The first step in the creation of the portfolio consists in an investment strategy, which is split between an analysis of economic conditions and a detailed analysis of markets and yield curves.

The conclusion of these analyses is shaping the outlook for interest rates. According to the circumstances, the fund manager seeks to position the portfolio to take advantage of the shape of the yield curve. In the case of an expected decrease in long-term rates, investments in bonds with longer-term maturities are privileged. Inversely, in the case of an expected increase in long-term rates, the fund focuses on bonds with shorter maturities.

The fund returns are coming from coupon payments on the one hand and from possible capital gains on the other hand which the fund may generate in an environment of falling interest rates.

The fund is taking advantage of the cooperation with well-known financial intermediaries and institutions, to access top information in order to elaborate economic and market analysis and to select the corporate issues, included in the portfolio.

The degree of risk of the overall portfolio is controlled on a regular basis, in order to assure the right positioning in regard to the evolution of the yield curve.

Investment universe

The major part of the portfolio will be invested in bonds denominated in US Dollar. The selection focuses on "grandfathered" government bonds of the United States, as well as other government or supranational issues, denominated in US Dollar, which permanently make up at least 60% of the fund's assets.

A small part of the portfolio may be invested in corporate issues, denominated in US Dollar, depending on the yield pick-up linked to the issuer.

A diversification can be considered in government or supranational bonds, denominated in currencies, which have a strong correlation with the US currency, like the Canadian or the Australian Dollar. Investments are concentrated in bonds with an AAA rating. The minimum rating accepted in the fund is BBB.



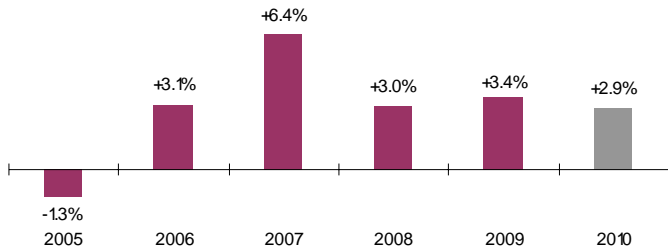


MONACO GF BONDS US DOLLAR Monthly report

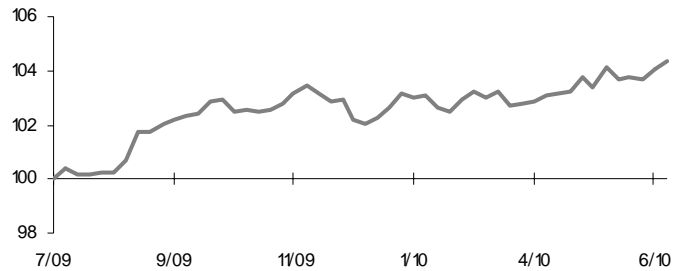
Net Asset Value as of June 30th, 2010: \$1,185.69
 Monthly Performance: +0.9 %

Performance

Historic performance



Trailing 12 months performance (basis 100)



Past performance does not guarantee future performance. 2010 performance data is not audited.

Market strategy

In June, financial markets remained jittery. Austerity budget plans and fiscal consolidation measures announced by various countries, particularly in Europe, did cast a shadow on the sustainability of the ongoing recovery, while the Greek crisis and its effects on other countries in the euro zone (notably Spain, Portugal and Italy) remained at the centre of investors' concerns. Stock markets fell sharply at the end of June and investor risk aversion remained high, in line with the implied volatility index of the S&P 500 index, which stayed at over 30%. At the macro-economic level, business indicators trended upward, but weakened at the end of the month. In the first quarter of 2010, GDP growth in the United States thus stood at +2.7%, lower than the expected +3.0% figure.

In terms of monetary policy, at its meeting on 23 June, the FED left its target rate unchanged at 0% to 0.25%. It is predicted that the Fed's target rates will remain stable over the coming months, but initial target rate increases are expected to take place in the second half of the year. In this flight to quality environment, US interest rates fell considerably in the month. The 5-year yields in the US eased by 32 bp to stand at 1.77% on 30/06. The 2/10 US swap rate differential decreased, ending the month at 203 bp, a drop of 9 bp.

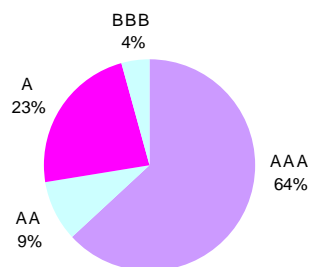
In this context, credit spreads tightened marginally during the month. The average spread over government bonds of the Merrill Lynch Corporate US index increased by 6 bp to 209 bp on 30/06. The spreads of industrial issuers widened more than the spreads of financial issuers, that is, increases of 9 bp and 2 bp respectively in June.

Credit diversification had a negative effect on portfolio performance over the month. The positioning of the fund towards a flattening of the yield curve was positive. Investments in inflation-indexed bonds outperformed traditional bonds. Throughout the whole period under consideration, the portfolio's modified duration was maintained at a fairly low level, ranging between 2.00% and 2.25%. The portfolio's modified duration stood at 2.01% on 30 June 2010.

Main positions

United States 0% 2016	16.3%	United States 3.5% 2011	6.8%
United States 1.75% 2014	8.1%	Italy 6.875% 2023	6.3%
Bird 7.625% 2023	7.6%	Bird 5.5% 2013	6.2%

Rating distribution



Modified duration distribution

